





# 3. Integration of cybersecurity in risk management and improvement processes

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# Purpose, participants and application

## Purpose

• To ensure that cybersecurity becomes an integrated part of the company's overall risk management.

## Participants

Responsible for risk management with input from the various functional areas.

## Application

Integrated part of the general risk management process.

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# **Approach**

- List the internal business functions (see examples on slide 4) and indicate to what extent cybersecurity within these areas is integrated into the company's overall risk management and improvement processes.
- Mark from 1 = to a very low degree to 5 = to a very high degree.
- Also indicate what the target should be (TO-BE), after which a gap can be calculated.



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# **Assessment form**

Internal business functions	1	2	3	4	5	TO-BE	Gap
Inbound logistics							
Manufacturing							
Distribution							
Product development							
Finance							
External business functions	1	2	3	4	5	TO-BE	Gap
Financial partners							
Public authorities							
Customers							
Suppliers							
Other service partners							

1 = to a very low degree, 2 = to a low degree, 3 = to some degree, 4 = to a high degree, 5 = to a very high degree

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# **Examples of content elements in the categories**

#### **Inbound logistics**

Procurement
Inbound transportation
Goods receipt incl. inspection
Storage and inventory management
Picking for production

#### Financial partners

Bank
Payroll service
Insurance
External book keeping
Auditor

#### **Production / R&D**

Product development
Planning
Production
Quality control
Completion reporting

#### **Authorities**

Tax Authority (SKAT)
Business Authority (VIRK)
Certification
Labour Inspection

#### **Outbound logistics**

Forecast
Sales
Order processing
Picking, packing and shipping
Invoicing

#### Other service partners

Electricity, Water, Heating
GPS
Alarm/monitoring
Service agreements (Equipment))







# **Action points**

- Scores of 4–5 are considered a **high level** of cybersecurity, and only minor or no attention is required.
- A score of 3 indicates some cybersecurity, but with room for improvement.
- Scores of 1–2 indicate a **low level** of cybersecurity and require attention and improvements.